

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF OREGON
EUGENE DIVISION

MARISA S. MAURER,

Plaintiff,

v.

**COMMISSIONER, Social Security
Administration,**

Defendant.

MOSMAN, J.,

No. 6:15-cv-01150-AC

OPINION AND ORDER

On September 29, 2016, Magistrate Judge John Acosta issued his Findings and Recommendation [24], recommending that the Commissioner's decision should be REVERSED and REMANDED, pursuant to sentence four of 42 U.S.C. § 405(g), for the calculation and payment of benefits. Defendant objected [21], and Plaintiff Responded [22].

DISCUSSION

The magistrate judge makes only recommendations to the court, to which any party may file written objections. The court is not bound by the recommendations of the magistrate judge, but retains responsibility for making the final determination. The court is generally required to make a de novo determination regarding those portions of the report or specified findings or recommendation as to which an objection is made. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C). However, the court is not required to review, de novo or under any other standard, the factual or legal conclusions of

the magistrate judge as to those portions of the F&R to which no objections are addressed. *See Thomas v. Arn*, 474 U.S. 140, 149 (1985); *United States v. Reyna-Tapia*, 328 F.3d 1114, 1121 (9th Cir. 2003). While the level of scrutiny under which I am required to review the F&R depends on whether or not objections have been filed, in either case, I am free to accept, reject, or modify any part of the F&R. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C).

Upon review, I agree with Judge Acosta's recommendation and I ADOPT the F&R [19] as my own opinion. The Commissioner's decision is REVERSED and REMANDED, pursuant to sentence four of 42 U.S.C. § 405(g) for the calculation and payment of benefits.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED this 6th day of December, 2016.

/s/ Michael W. Mosman
MICHAEL W. MOSMAN
Chief United States District Judge